# WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE 2016 REGULAR SESSION

## Introduced

# House Bill 4712

BY DELEGATE PUSHKIN

[Introduced February 23, 2016; Referred to the Committee on Health and Human Resources then the Judiciary.]

A BILL to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section §11-28-1; to amend and reenact §60-3A-6 of said code; to amend and reenact §60A-2-204 of said code; to amend and reenact §60A-4-401 and §60A-4-402 and §60A-4-407 of said code; to amend said code by adding thereto two new sections, designated §60A-4-414 and §60A-4-415, all relating to permitted use and possession of marihuana; decriminalizing and permitting personal use, growth and possession of certain amounts of marihuana by residents over the age of twenty-one under certain circumstances: removing marihuana from the list of schedule I drugs: decriminalizing first offense distribution of under 30 grams of marihuana; continuing criminal penalties for sales and manufacture of marihuana; establishing new criminal penalties associated with possession of marihuana; providing that the tax department issue tax stamps for certain residents to lawfully possess up to two ounces of marihuana; providing that the tax commissioner promulgate rules; authorizing persons holding retail liquor licenses to sell tax stamps; establishing cost of and allocation for tax stamp proceeds; allowing for tax penalties for failure to pay for tax stamp; providing conditions for creation and distribution of stamp; and providing for a medical exemption to criminal laws against marihuana use or possession.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

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That of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §11-28-1; that §60-3A-6 of said code me amended and reenacted; that §60A-2-204 of said code me amended and reenacted, that §60A-4-401, §60A-4-402 and §60A-4-407 of said code be amended and reenacted, and that said code be amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated §60A-4-414 and §60A-4-415, all to read as follows:

#### **CHAPTER11. TAXATION.**

#### ARTICLE 28. MARIHUANA USE TAX ASSMENTS.

#### §11-28-1. Marihuana use tax.

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	311 20 1: Marindana doc taxi
1	(a) Definitions-
2	(1) "Marihuana" means " all parts of the plant "Cannabis sativa L.", whether growing or
3	not; the seeds thereof; the resin extracted from any part of the plant; and every compound,
4	manufacture, salt, immediate derivative, mixture or preparation of the plant, its seeds or resin. It
5	does not include the mature stalks of the plant, fiber produced from the stalks, oil or cake made
6	from the seeds of the plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt, immediate derivative, mixture
7	or preparation of the mature stalks (except the resin extracted therefrom), fiber, oil or cake, or the
8	sterilized seed of the plant which is incapable of germination.
9	(2) "Tax stamp" is a stamp created by the Department that indicates that the bearer of the
10	stamp is a resident of the State has paid the tax stamp and is under state law legally allowed to
11	possess up to two ounces of marihuana.
12	(b) Marihuana Use tax- The Tax Commissioner shall promulgate legislative rules,
13	pursuant to article three, chapter twenty nine-a of this Code that provide for:
14	(1) The manufacture and distribution of tax stamps to be sold by retail liquor licenses as
15	established in article three-a, chapter sixty of this code, a marihuana use tax stamp to be issued
16	for a fee of \$100 to any state resident, who is twenty-one years or older. The Licensee shall
17	require photo-identification and that the licensee verify that the person purchasing the stamp
18	legibility writes his or her name in ink or other non-removable substance.
19	(2) Administrative penalties for failure of any person to pay the tax owed, including a
20	special tax penalty on the person's state personal income tax of five hundred dollars for
21	possession of two ounces or less of marihuana and an assessment of one thousand dollars for
22	possession of more than two ounces of marihuana.
23	(3) Any other rules that the Tax Commissioner deems necessary to properly administer
24	this article.

(c) Allocation of proceeds- The Tax commissioner shall reimburse each licensee a fee

not to exceed \$8.00 for the sale of each tax stamp. The Department of Tax shall retain \$5.00 for each tax stamp sold to reimburse the department's costs for administration of this article. The remainder of the proceeds of the sale shall be deposited in the general revenue fund.

### CHAPTER SIXTY. STATE CONTROL OF ALCHOHOLIC LIQUORS

#### ARTICLE 3A. SALE OF RETAIL LIQUOR LICENSES.

#### §60-3A-6. General powers and duties of board and commissioner.

- (a) The board shall create, based on economic and demographic factors, market zones within the state for the issuance of Class A and Class B retail licenses.
  - (b) The commissioner shall:

- (1) Prescribe application forms for persons desiring to acquire retail licenses and adopt an orderly procedure and timetable for investigating, processing and approving applications;
- (2) Develop a form of retail license to be issued to each retail licensee under the provisions of this article;
  - (3) Disseminate to the public information relating to the issuance of retail licenses;
  - (4) Promulgate standards for advertising the sale, availability, price and selection of liquor;
- (5) Set minimum standards for retail outlets regarding the amount and variety of liquor a licensee must offer for sale at each retail outlet; the size, space and design of each retail outlet; the amount of inventory and displayed inventory of liquor in each retail outlet; order quantities sufficient to qualify for delivery to each retail outlet; phone, computer and Internet requirements for each retail outlet; the verification of liquor orders; liquor delivery dates and routes for each retail outlet; and such other requirements the commissioner deems necessary;
- (6) Set minimum standards for the display of inventory in retail outlets operating pursuant to a Class A retail license which shall include, without limitation, the requirement that a minimum square footage of displayed inventory available for retail purchase at the retail outlet be composed of liquor, beer and nonintoxicating beer products and that liquor, beer and nonintoxicating beer

products available for sale are placed for sale throughout the entire retail area of the retail outlet including the retail floor space and shelving;

- (7) Set minimum standards for the display of inventory in retail outlets operating pursuant to a Class B retail license which shall include, without limitation, the requirements that a minimum square footage of the displayed inventory available for purchase at the retail outlet be composed of liquor products; that liquor available for sale in the retail outlet is placed only in an area of the retail outlet that prominently displays signage identifying the area as a restricted liquor area and stating that no one under the age of twenty-one may purchase liquor; and that the area is separate from and not highly visible to persons outside of the restricted liquor area.
  - (8) Enforce the provisions of this article;

- (9) Impose civil penalties upon retail licensees;
- (10) Enter the retail outlet of any retail licensee at reasonable times for the purpose of inspecting the same, and determining the compliance of such retail licensee with the provisions of this article and any rules promulgated by the board or the commissioner pursuant to the provisions of this article; and
- (11) Issue subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum for the purpose of conducting hearings under the provisions of section twenty-six or section twenty-eight of this article, which subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum shall be issued in the time, for the fees, and shall be enforced in the manner specified in section one, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code with like effect as if such section was set forth in extenso herein; and
- (12) Establish necessary requirements to assure that retail licensees comply with the requirements of section one, article twenty-eight, chapter eleven of this code, and any additional requirements established by this board to allow for lawful sale of marihuana use tax stamps.

  Nothing in the rules may require that a retail licensee is mandated to sell marihuana use tax stamps as a condition of his or her license.
  - (c) The board and the commissioner shall each:

(1) Engage accounting, legal and other necessary professional consultants to assist them in carrying out their respective duties under this article;

- (2) Adopt, promulgate, amend or repeal such procedural, interpretive and legislative rules, consistent with the policy and objectives of this article, as they may deem necessary or desirable for the public interest in carrying out the provisions of this article. Such rules shall be adopted, amended and repealed in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code; and
- (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary, proposed legislative rules for this article filed in the state Register by September 1, 2009, may be filed as emergency rules. Such emergency rules shall include the standards, criteria and formulae or methodology utilized by the board when establishing the minimum bid for each license pursuant to section tenb of this article.

#### CHAPTER 60A. UNIFORM CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES ACT.

#### ARTICLE 2. STANDARDS AND SCHEDULES.

#### §60A-2-204. Schedule I.

- (a) Schedule I shall consist of the drugs and other substances, by whatever official name, common or usual name, chemical name, or brand name designated, listed in this section.
- (b) Opiates. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any of the following opiates, including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts and salts of isomers, esters and ethers, whenever the existence of such isomers, esters, ethers and salts is possible within the specific chemical designation (for purposes of subdivision (34) of this subsection only, the term isomer includes the optical and geometric isomers):
- 8 (1) Acetyl-alpha-methylfentanyl (N-[1-(1-methyl-2-phenethyl) -4-piperidinyl]--9 phenylacetamide);
- 10 (2) Acetylmethadol;

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11
             (3) Allylprodine;
             (4) Alphacetylmethadol (except levoalphacetylmethadol also known as levo-alpha-
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13
      acetylmethadol, levomethadyl acetate, or LAAM);
14
             (5) Alphameprodine;
15
             (6) Alphamethadol;
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             (7) Alpha-methylfentanyl
                                            (N-[1-(alpha-methyl-beta-phenyl)
                                                                                   ethyl-4-piperidyl]
17
      propionanilide; 1-(1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)-4-(- propanilido) piperidine);
18
             (8)
                    Alpha-methylthiofentanyl
                                               (N-[1-methyl-2-(2-thienyl)
                                                                                     4-piperidinyl]--
                                                                            ethyl-
19
      phenylpropanamide);
20
             (9) Benzethidine;
21
             (10) Betacetylmethadol;
22
             (11)
                     Beta-hydroxyfentanyl
                                              (N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenethyl)
                                                                               -4-
                                                                                      piperidinyl]-N-
23
      phenylpropanamide);
24
             (12) Beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl (other name: N-[1-(2- hydroxy-2-phenethyl)-3-methyl-
25
      4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
26
             (13) Betameprodine;
             (14) Betamethadol;
27
28
             (15) Betaprodine;
29
             (16) Clonitazene;
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             (17) Dextromoramide;
31
             (18) Diampromide;
32
             (19) Diethylthiambutene;
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             (20) Difenoxin;
34
             (21) Dimenoxadol;
             (22) Dimepheptanol;
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             (23) Dimethylthiambutene;
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37
             (24) Dioxaphetyl butyrate;
             (25) Dipipanone;
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             (26) Ethylmethylthiambutene;
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             (27) Etonitazene;
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             (28) Etoxeridine;
42
             (29) Furethidine;
43
             (30) Hydroxypethidine;
44
             (31) Ketobemidone;
45
             (32) Levomoramide;
46
             (33) Levophenacylmorphan;
47
             (34) 3-Methylfentanyl (N-[3-methyl-1-(2-phenylethyl)-4- piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
48
             (35)
                     3-methylthiofentanyl
                                              (N-[3-methyl-1-(2-thienyl)
                                                                           ethyl-4-
                                                                                       piperidinyl]--
49
      phenylpropanamide);
50
             (36) Morpheridine;
51
             (37) MPPP (1-methyl-4-phenyl-4-propionoxypiperidine);
52
             (38) Noracymethadol;
53
             (39) Norlevorphanol;
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             (40) Normethadone;
             (41) Norpipanone;
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56
             (42)
                     Para-fluorofentanyl
                                            (N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-
                                                                           phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl]
57
      propanamide);
             (43) PEPAP(1-(-2-phenethyl)-4-phenyl-4-acetoxypiperidine);
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59
             (44) Phenadoxone;
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             (45) Phenampromide;
             (46) Phenomorphan;
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             (47) Phenoperidine;
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63
             (48) Piritramide;
             (49) Proheptazine;
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             (50) Properidine;
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             (51) Propiram;
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             (52) Racemoramide;
68
             (53) Thiofentanyl (N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4- piperidinyl]-propanamide);
69
             (54) Tilidine;
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             (55) Trimeperidine.
71
             (c) Opium derivatives. -- Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule,
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      any of the following opium immediate derivatives, its salts, isomers and salts of isomers whenever
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      the existence of such salts, isomers and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical
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      designation:
75
             (1) Acetorphine;
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             (2) Acetyldihydrocodeine;
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             (3) Benzylmorphine;
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             (4) Codeine methylbromide;
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             (5) Codeine-N-Oxide;
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             (6) Cyprenorphine;
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             (7) Desomorphine;
82
             (8) Dihydromorphine;
83
             (9) Drotebanol;
84
             (10) Etorphine (except HCl Salt);
85
             (11) Heroin;
86
             (12) Hydromorphinol;
87
             (13) Methyldesorphine;
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             (14) Methyldihydromorphine;
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89	(15) Morphine methylbromide;
90	(16) Morphine methylsulfonate;
91	(17) Morphine-N-Oxide;
92	(18) Myrophine;
93	(19) Nicocodeine;
94	(20) Nicomorphine;
95	(21) Normorphine;
96	(22) Pholcodine;
97	(23) Thebacon.
98	(d) Hallucinogenic substances Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another
99	schedule, any material, compound, mixture or preparation, which contains any quantity of the
100	following hallucinogenic substances, or which contains any of its salts, isomers and salts or
101	isomers, whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within
102	the specific chemical designation (for purposes of this subsection only, the term "isomer" includes
103	the optical, position and geometric isomers):
104	(1) Alpha-ethyltryptamine; some trade or other names: etryptamine; Monase; alpha-ethy-
105	1H-indole-3-ethanamine; 3-(2- aminobutyl) indole; alpha-ET; and AET;
106	(2) 4-bromo-2, 5-dimethoxy-amphetamine; some trade or other names: 4-bromo-2,5-
107	dimethoxy-alpha-methylphenethylamine; 4-bromo- 2,5-DMA;
108	(3) 4-Bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine; some trade or other names: 2-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine)
109	dimethoxyphenyl)-1-aminoethane; alpha- desmethyl DOB; 2C-B, Nexus;
110	(4)(A) N-(2-Methoxybenzyl)-4-bromo-2, 5-dimethoxyphenethylamine. The substance has
111	the acronym 25B-NBOMe.
112	(B) 2-(4-chloro-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-(2-methoxybenzyl) ethanamine (25C-NBOMe).
113	(C) 2-(4-iodo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-(2-methoxybenzyl) ethanamine (25I-NBOMe)
114	(5) 2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine; some trade or other names: 2,5-dimethoxy-alpha

115	methylphenethylamine; 2,5-DMA;
116	(6) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-ethylamphet-amine; some trade or other names: DOET;
117	(7) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-(n)-propylthiophenethylamine (other name: 2C-T-7);
118	(8) 4-methoxyamphetamine; some trade or other names: 4-methoxy-alpha-
119	methylphenethylamine; paramethoxyamphetamine; PMA;
120	(9) 5-methoxy-3, 4-methylenedioxy-amphetamine;
121	(10) 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy-amphetamine; some trade and other names: 4-methyl-2,5-
122	dimethoxy-alpha-methylphenethylamine; "DOM"; and "STP";
123	(11) 3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine;
124	(12) 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA);
125	(13) 3,4-methylenedioxy-N-ethylamphetamine (also known as - ethyl-alpha-methyl-3,4
126	(methylenedioxy) phenethylamine, N-ethyl MDA, MDE, MDEA);
127	(14) N-hydroxy-3,4-methylenedioxyamphetamine (also known as - hydroxy-alpha-methyl-
128	3,4 (methylenedioxy) phenethylamine, and – hydroxy MDA);
129	(15) 3,4,5-trimethoxy amphetamine;
130	(16) 5-methoxy-N,N-dimethyltryptamine (5-MeO-DMT);
131	(17) Alpha-methyltryptamine (other name: AMT);
132	(18) Bufotenine; some trade and other names: 3-(beta-Dimethylaminoethyl)-5-
133	hydroxyindole;3-(2-dimethylaminoethyl) -5-indolol; N, N-dimethylserotonin; 5-hydroxy-N,N-
134	dimethyltryptamine; mappine;
135	(19) Diethyltryptamine; sometrade and other names: N, N-Diethyltryptamine; DET;
136	(20) Dimethyltryptamine; some trade or other names: DMT;
137	(21) 5-Methoxy-N,N-diisopropyltryptamine (5-MeO-DIPT);
138	(22) Ibogaine; some trade and other names: 7-Ethyl-6, 6 Beta, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13-
139	octahydro-2-methoxy-6, 9-methano-5H- pyrido [1', 2': 1, 2] azepino [5,4-b] indole; Tabernanthe
140	iboga;

141	(23) Lysergic acid diethylamide;
142	<del>(24) Marihuana</del> ;
143	<del>(25)</del> <u>(24)</u> Mescaline;
144	(26) (25) Parahexyl-7374; some trade or other names: 3-Hexyl -1-hydroxy-7, 8, 9, 10-
145	tetrahydro-6, 6, 9-trimethyl-6H-dibenzo [b,d] pyran; Synhexyl;
146	(27) (26) Peyote; meaning all parts of the plant presently classified botanically as
147	Lophophora williamsii Lemaire, whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, any extract from any
148	part of such plant, and every compound, manufacture, salts, immediate derivative, mixture or
149	preparation of such plant, its seeds or extracts;
150	(28) (27) N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
151	(29) (28) N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
152	(30) (29) Psilocybin;
153	(31) (30) Psilocyn;
154	(32) Tetrahydrocannabinols; synthetic equivalents of the substances contained in the
155	plant, or in the resinous extractives of Cannabis, sp. and/or synthetic substances, immediate
156	derivatives and their isomers with similar chemical structure and pharmacological activity such as
157	the following:
158	delta-1 Cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical isomers;
159	delta-6 Cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical isomers;
160	delta-3,4 Cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and its optical isomers;
161	(Since nomenclature of these substances is not internationally standardized, compounds
162	of these structures, regardless of numerical designation of atomic positions covered.)
163	(33) (31) Ethylamine analog of phencyclidine; some trade or other names: N-ethyl-1-
164	phenylcyclohexylamine, (1-phenylcyclohexyl) ethylamine, N-(1-phenylcyclohexyl) ethylamine,
165	cyclohexamine, PCE;
166	(34) (32) Pyrrolidine analog of phencyclidine; some trade or other names: 1-(1-

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167
       phenylcyclohexyl)-pyrrolidine, PCPy, PHP;
168
              (35) (33) Thiophene analog of phencyclidine; some trade or other names: 1-[1-(2-thienyl)-
169
       cyclohexyl]-piperidine, 2-thienylanalog of phencyclidine; TPCP, TCP;
170
              (36) (34) 1[1-(2-thienyl)cyclohexyl]pyrroldine; some other names: TCPy.
171
              (37) (35) 4-methylmethcathinone (Mephedrone):
172
              (38) (36) 3,4-methylenedioxypyrovalerone (MDPV);
173
              (39) (37) 2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-ethylphenyl)ethanamine (2C-E);
174
              (40) (38) 2-(2.5-Dimethoxy-4-methylphenyl)ethanamine (2C-D)
175
              (41) (39) 2-(4-Chloro-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine (2C-C)
176
              (42) (40) 2-(4-lodo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine (2C-I)
177
              (43) (41) 2-[4-(Ethylthio)-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl]ethanamine (2C-T-2)
178
              (44) (42) 2-[4-(Isopropylthio)-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl]ethanamine (2C-T-4)
179
              (45) (43) 2-(2.5-Dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine (2C-H)
180
              (46) (44) 2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-nitro-phenyl)ethanamine (2C-N)
181
              (47) (45) 2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-(n)-propylphenyl)ethanamine (2C-P)
182
              (48) (46) 3,4-Methylenedioxy-N-methylcathinone (Methylone)
              (49) (47) (2,5-dimethoxy-4-(n)-propyltghiophenethylamine (2C-T-7, itsoptical isomers,
183
184
       salts and salts of isomers
185
              (50) (48) 5-methoxy-N,N-dimethyltryptamine some trade or other names: 5-methoxy-3-[2-
186
       (dimethylamino)ethyl]indole; 5-MeO-DMT(5-MeO-DMT)
187
              (51) (49) Alpha-methyltryptamine (other name: AMT)
188
              (52) (50) 5-methoxy-N,N-diisopropyltryptamine (other name: 5-MeO-DIPT)
189
              (53) (51) Synthetic Cannabinoids as follows:
190
              (A) 2-[(1R,3S)-3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-5- (2-methyloctan-2-yl)phenol) {also known as CP
191
       47,497 and homologues):
192
              (B) rel-2-[(1S,3R)-3-hydroxycyclohexyl] -5-(2-methylnonan-2-yl)phenol {also known as CP
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193
       47,497-C8 homolog):
                    [(6aR)-9-(hydroxymethyl)-6,
194
              (C)
                                                  6-dimethyl-3-(2-methyloctan-2-yl)-6a,
                                                                                          7,10,10a-
195
       tetrahydrobenzo[c]chromen-1-ol)] {also known as HU-210};
196
              (D) (dexanabinol);
197
              (6aS,10aS)-9-(hydroxymethyl)-6,6-dimethyl-3-(2-methyloctan-2-yl)-6a,7,10,10a-
198
       tetrahydrobenzo
199
              I[c]chromen-1-ol) {also known as HU-211};
200
              (E) 1-Pentyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole {also known as JWH-018};
201
              (F) 1-Butyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole {also known as JWH-073};
202
              (G) (2-methyl-1-propyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-1-napthalenyl-methanone {also known as JWH-
203
       015};
204
              (H) (1-hexyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-1-naphthalenyl-methanone {also known as JWH-019};
205
              (I) [1-[2-(4-morpholinyl) ethyl] -1H-indol-3-yl]-1-naphthalenyl-methanone {also known as
206
       JWH-200};
207
              (J) 1-(1-pentyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-2-(3-hydroxyphenyl)-ethanone {also known as JWH-250};
208
              (K)
                    2-((1S,2S,5S)-5-hydroxy-2-
                                                 (3-hydroxtpropyl)cyclohexyl)
                                                                               -5-(2-methyloctan-2-
209
       yl)phenol {also known as CP 55,940};
210
              (L) (4-methyl-1-naphthalenyl) (1-pentyl-1H-indol-3-yl) -methanone {also known as JWH-
211
              122};
212
              (M) (4-methyl-1-naphthalenyl) (1-pentyl-1H-indol-3-yl) -methanone {also known as JWH-
213
              398;
214
              (N) (4-methoxyphenyl)(1-pentyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methanone {also known as RCS-4};
215
              (O) 1-(1-(2-cyclohexylethyl) -1H-indol-3-yl) -2-(2-methoxyphenyl) ethanone {also known
216
       as RCS-8};
217
              (P) 1-pentyl-3-[1-(4-methoxynaphthoyl)]indole (JWH-081):
218
              (Q) 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (AM2201); and
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219 (R) 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(2-iodobenzoyl)indole (AM694).

220 (54) (52) Synthetic cannabinoids or any material, compound, mixture or preparation which 221 contains any quantity of the following substances, including their analogues, congeners, 222 homologues, isomers, salts and salts of analogues, congeners, homologues and isomers, as 223 follows:

- 224 (A) CP 47,497 AND homologues, 2-[(1R,3S)-3-Hydroxycyclohexyl]-5-(2-methyloctan-2-
- 225 YL)phenol);

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- 226 (B) HU-210, [(6AR,10AR)-9-(hydroxymethyl)-6,6-dimethyl-3-(2-Methyloctan-2-YL)-
- 227 6A,7,10, 10A-tetrahydrobenzo[C] chromen-1-OL)];
- 228 (C) HU-211, (dexanabinol, (6AS,10AS)-9-(hydroxymethyl)-6,6-Dimethyl-3-(2-
- methyloctan-2-YL)-6A,7,10,10atetrahydrobenzo[C]chromen-1-OL);
- 230 (D) JWH-018, 1-pentyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole;
- 231 (E) JWH-019, 1-hexyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole;
- 232 (F) JWH-073, 1-butyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole;
- 233 (G) JWH-200, (1-(2-morpholin-4-ylethyl)indol-3-yl)- Naphthalen-1-ylmethanone;
- 234 (H) JWH-250, 1-pentyl-3-(2-methoxyphenylacetyl)indole.]
  - (55) (53) Synthetic cannabinoids including any material, compound, mixture or preparation that is not listed as a controlled substance in Schedule I through V, is not a federal Food and Drug Administration approved drug or used within legitimate and approved medical research and which contains any quantity of the following substances, their salts, isomers, whether optical positional or geometric, analogues, homologues and salts of isomers, analogues and homologues, unless specifically exempted, whenever the existence of these salts, isomers, analogues, homologues and salts of isomers, analogues and homologues if possible within the specific chemical designation:
  - (A) Tetrahydrocannabinols meaning tetrahydrocannabinols which are naturally contained in a plant of the genus cannabis as well as synthetic equivalents of the substances contained in

the plant or in the resinous extractives of cannabis or synthetic substances, derivatives and their isomers with analogous chemical structure and or pharmacological activity such as the following:

- (i) DELTA-1 CIS OR trans tetrahydrocannabinol and their Optical isomers.
- (ii) DELTA-6 CIS OR trans tetrahydrocannabinol and their optical isomers.
  - (iii) DELTA-3,4 CIS or their trans tetrahydrocannabinol and their optical isomers.
- (B) Naphthoylindoles or any compound containing a 3-(-1- Napthoyl) indole structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent. This shall include the following:
- 254 (i) JWH 015;

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- 255 (ii) JWH 018;
- 256 (iii) JWH 019;
- 257 (iv) JWH 073;
- 258 (v) JWH 081;
- 259 (vi) JWH 122;
- 260 (vii) JWH 200;
- 261 (viii) JWH 210;
- 262 (ix) JWH 398;
- 263 (x) AM 2201;
- 264 (xi) WIN 55,212.
  - (56) (54) Naphylmethylindoles or any compound containing a 1hindol-3-yl-(1-naphthyl) methane structure with a substitute at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent. This shall include, but not be limited to, JWH 175 and JWH 184.
  - (57) (55) Naphthoylpyrroles or any compound containing a 3-(1- Naphthoyl) pyrrole structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the pyrrole ring whether or not further substituted

in the pyrrole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent.

This shall include, but not be limited to, JWH 147 and JWH 307.

(58) (56) Naphthylmethylindenes or any compound containing a Naphthylideneindene structure with substitution at the 3- Position of the indene ring whether or not further substituted in the indene ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent. This shall include, but not be limited to, JWH 176.

(59) (57) Phenylacetylindoles or any compound containing a 3- Phenylacetylindole structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the phenyl ring to any extent. This shall include the following:

- 281 (A) RCS-8, SR-18 OR BTM-8;
- 282 (B) JWH 250;

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- 283 (C) JWH 203;
- 284 (D) JWH 251;
- 285 (E) JWH 302.
  - (60) (58) Cyclohexylphenols or any compound containing a 2-(3- hydroxycyclohexyl) phenol structure with a substitution at the 5-position of the phenolic ring whether or not substituted in the cyclohexyl ring to any extent. This shall include the following:
- 289 (A) CP 47,497 and its homologues and analogs;
- 290 (B) Cannabicyclohexanol;
- 291 (C) CP 55,940.
  - (61) (59) Benzoylindoles or any compound containing a 3-(benzoyl) indole structure with substitution at the nitrogren atom of the indole ring whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the phenyl ring to any extent. This shall include the following:
- 296 (A) AM 694;

297	(B) Pravadoline WIN 48,098;
298	(C) RCS 4;
299	(D) AM 679.
300	(62) (60) [2,3-dihydro-5 methyl-3-(4-morpholinylmethyl)pyrrolo [1,2,3-DE]-1, 4-
301	benzoxazin-6-YL]-1-napthalenymethanone. This shall include WIN 55,212-2.
302	(63) (61) Dibenzopyrans or any compound containing a 11-hydroxydelta 8-
303	tetrahydrocannabinol structure with substitution on the 3-pentyl group. This shall include HU-210,
304	HU-211, JWH 051 and JWH 133.
305	(64) (62) Adamantoylindoles or any compound containing a 3-(-1- Adamantoyl) indole
306	structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring whether or not further substituted
307	in the adamantoyl ring system to any extent. This shall include AM1248.
308	(65) (63) Tetramethylcyclopropylindoles or any compound containing A 3-
309	tetramethylcyclopropylindole structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring
310	whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted
311	in the tetramethylcyclopropyl ring to any extent. This shall include UR-144 and XLR-11.
312	(66) (64) N-(1-Adamantyl)-1-pentyl-1h-indazole-3-carboxamide. This shall include AKB48.
313	(67) (65) Any other synthetic chemical compound that is a Cannabinoid receptor type 1
314	agonist as demonstrated by binding studies and functional assays that is not listed in Schedules
315	II, III, IV and V, not federal Food and Drug Administration approved drug or used within legitimate,
316	approved medical research. Since nomenclature of these substances is not internationally
317	standardized, any immediate precursor or immediate derivative of these substances shall be
318	covered.
319	<del>(68)</del> <u>(66)</u> Tryptamines:
320	(A) 5- methoxy- N- methyl-N-isopropyltryptamine (5-MeO-MiPT)

(B) 4-hydroxy-N,N-diisopropyltryptamine (4-HO-DiPT)

(C) 4-hydroxy-N-methyl-N-isopropyltryptamine (4-HO-MiPT)

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323	(D) 4-hydroxy-N-methyl-N-ethyltryptamine (4-HO-MET)
324	(E) 4-acetoxy-N,N-diisopropyltryptamine (4-AcO-DiPT)
325	(F) 5-methoxy-α-methyltryptamine (5-MeO-AMT)
326	(G) 4-methoxy-N,N-Dimethyltryptamine (4-MeO-DMT)
327	(H) 4-hydroxy Diethyltryptamine (4-HO-DET)
328	(I) 5- methoxy- N,N- diallyltryptamine (5-MeO-DALT)
329	(J) 4-acetoxy-N,N-Dimethyltryptamine (4-AcO DMT)
330	(K) 4-hydroxy Diethyltryptamine (4-HO-DET)
331	(e) Depressants Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any
332	material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following
333	substances having a depressant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers
334	and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers and salts of isomers is
335	possible within the specific chemical designation:
336	(1) Mecloqualone;
337	(2) Methaqualone.
338	(f) Stimulants Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any
339	material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following
340	substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers
341	and salts of isomers:
342	(1) Aminorex; some other names: aminoxaphen; 2-amino-5- phenyl-2-oxazoline; or 4,5-
343	dihydro-5-phenyl-2-oxazolamine;
344	(2) Cathinone; some trade or other names: 2-amino-1-phenyl-1- propanone, alpha-
345	aminopropiophenone, 2-aminopropiophenone and norephedrone;
346	(3) Fenethylline;
347	(4) Methcathinone, its immediate precursors and immediate derivatives, its salts, optical

349 (methylamino)propiophenone: 2-(methylamino)-1-phenylpropan-1one: alpha--methylaminopropiophenone; monomethylpropion; 350 3,4-methylenedioxypyrovalerone and/or 351 (MPVD); mephedrone; 3,4-methylenedioxypyrovalerone ephedrone; N-methylcathinone; 352 methylcathinone; AL-464; AL-422; AL- 463 and UR1432; 353 (5) (+-) cis-4-methylaminorex; ((+-)cis-4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-phenyl-2-oxazolamine); 354 (6) N-ethylamphetamine: 355 (7) N,N-dimethylamphetemine; also known as N,N-alpha- trimethyl-benzeneethanamine; 356 N,N-alpha-trimethylphenethylamine. 357 (8) Alpha-pyrrolidinopentiophenone, also known as alpha-PVP, optical isomers, salts and 358 salts of isomers. 359 (9) Substituted amphetamines: 360 (A) 2-Fluoroamphetamine 361 (B) 3-Fluoroamphetamine 362 (C) 4-Fluoroamphetamine 363 (D) 2-chloroamphetamine 364 (E) 3-chloroamphetamine (F) 4-chloroamphetamine 365 366 (G) 2-Fluoromethamphetamine 367 (H) 3-Fluoromethamphetamine 368 (I) 4-Fluoromethamphetamine 369 (J) 4-chloromethamphetamine 370 (g) Temporary listing of substances subject to emergency scheduling. Any material, 371 compound, mixture or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances: 372 (1) N-[1-benzyl-4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide (benzylfentanyl), its optical isomers, 373 salts, and salts of isomers. 374 (2)N-[1-(2-thienyl)methyl-4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide (thenylfentanyl), its optical

375 isomers, salts and salts of isomers.

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- (3) N-benzylpiperazine, also known as BZP.
- (h) The following controlled substances are included in Schedule I:
- (1) Synthetic Cathinones or any compound, except bupropion or compounds listed under a different schedule, or compounds used within legitimate and approved medical research, structurally derived from 2- Aminopropan-1-one by substitution at the 1-position with Monocyclic or fused polycyclic ring systems, whether or not the compound is further modified in any of the following ways:
- (A) By substitution in the ring system to any extent with Alkyl, alkylenedioxy, alkoxy, haloalkyl, hydroxyl or halide Substituents whether or not further substituted in the ring system by one or more other univalent substituents.
  - (B) By substitution at the 3-position with an acyclic alkyl substituent.
- (C) By substitution at the 2-amino nitrogen atom with alkyl, dialkyl, benzyl or 388 methoxybenzyl groups.
  - (D) By inclusion of the 2-amino nitrogen atom in a cyclic structure.
  - (2) Any other synthetic chemical compound that is a Cannabinoid receptor type 1 agonist as demonstrated by binding studies and functional assays that is not listed in Schedules II, III, IV and V, not federal Food and Drug Administration approved drug or used within legitimate, approved medical research.

#### **ARTICLE 4. OFFENSES AND PENALTIES.**

#### §60A-4-401. Prohibited acts A; penalties.

- 1 (a) Except as authorized by this act, it is unlawful for any person to manufacture, deliver, 2 or possess with intent to manufacture or deliver, a controlled substance.
- 3 Any person who violates this subsection with respect to:
  - (i) A controlled substance classified in Schedule I or II, which is a narcotic drug, is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, may be imprisoned in the state correctional facility for not less

than one year nor more than fifteen years, or fined not more than twenty-five thousand dollars, orboth;

- (ii) Any other controlled substance classified in Schedule I, II or III is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, may be imprisoned in the state correctional facility for not less than one year nor more than five years, or fined not more than fifteen thousand dollars, or both;
- (iii) A substance classified in Schedule IV is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, may be imprisoned in the state correctional facility for not less than one year nor more than three years, or fined not more than ten thousand dollars, or both;
- (iv) A substance classified in Schedule V is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, may be confined in jail for not less than six months nor more than one year, or fined not more than five thousand dollars, or both: *Provided*, That for offenses relating to any substance classified as Schedule V in article ten of this chapter, the penalties established in said article apply.
- (b) Except as authorized by this act, it is unlawful for any person to create, deliver, or possess with intent to deliver, a counterfeit substance.

Any person who violates this subsection with respect to:

- (i) A counterfeit substance classified in Schedule I or II, which is a narcotic drug, is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, may be imprisoned in the state correctional facility for not less than one year nor more than fifteen years, or fined not more than twenty-five thousand dollars, or both;
- (ii) Any other counterfeit substance classified in Schedule I, II or III is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, may be imprisoned in the state correctional facility for not less than one year nor more than five years, or fined not more than fifteen thousand dollars, or both;
- (iii) A counterfeit substance classified in Schedule IV is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, may be imprisoned in the state correctional facility for not less than one year nor more than three years, or fined not more than ten thousand dollars, or both;
  - (iv) A counterfeit substance classified in Schedule V is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon

conviction, may be confined in jail for not less than six months nor more than one year, or fined not more than five thousand dollars, or both: *Provided,* That for offenses relating to any substance classified as Schedule V in article ten of this chapter, the penalties established in said article apply.

- (c) It is unlawful for any person knowingly or intentionally to possess a controlled substance unless the substance was obtained directly from, or pursuant to, a valid prescription or order of a practitioner while acting in the course of his professional practice, or except as otherwise authorized by this act. Any person who violates this subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor and, disposition may be made under section four hundred seven of this article, subject to the limitations specified in said section, or upon conviction, such person may be confined in jail not less than ninety days nor more than six months, or fined not more than one thousand dollars, or both: *Provided*, That notwithstanding any other provision of this act to the contrary, any first offense for possession of Synthetic Cannabinoids as defined by subdivision (32) subsection, (d), section 101, article 1 of this chapter; 3,4-methylenedioxypyrovalerone (MPVD)and 3,4-methylenedioxypyrovalerone and/or mephedrone as defined in subsection (f), section 101, article 1 of this chapter; or less than 15 grams of marijuana, shall be disposed of under said section.
  - (d) It is unlawful for any person knowingly or intentionally:
- (1) To create, distribute or deliver, or possess with intent to distribute or deliver, an imitation controlled substance; or
- (2) To create, possess or sell or otherwise transfer any equipment with the intent that such equipment shall be used to apply a trademark, trade name, or other identifying mark, imprint, number or device, or any likeness thereof, upon a counterfeit substance, an imitation controlled substance, or the container or label of a counterfeit substance or an imitation controlled substance.
  - (3) Any person who violates this subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon

conviction, may be imprisoned in jail for not less than six months nor more than one year, or fined not more than five thousand dollars, or both. Any person being eighteen years old or more who violates subdivision (1) of this subsection and, in so doing, distributes or delivers an imitation controlled substance to a minor child who is at least three years younger than such person is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, may be imprisoned in the state correctional facility for not less than one year nor more than three years, or fined not more than ten thousand dollars, or both.

(4) The provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection shall not apply to a practitioner who administers or dispenses a placebo.

#### §60A-4-402. Prohibited acts B; penalties.

- (a) It is unlawful for any person:
- (1) Who is subject to article 3 to distribute or dispense a controlled substance in violation of section 308;
- (2) Who is a registrant, to manufacture a controlled substance not authorized by his <u>or her</u> registration, or to distribute or dispense a controlled substance not authorized by his <u>or her</u> registration to another registrant or other authorized person;
- (3) To refuse or fail to make, keep, or furnish any record, notification, order form, statement, invoice, or information required under this act;
  - (4) To refuse any entry into any premises for any inspection authorized by this act; or
- (5) Knowingly to keep or maintain any store, shop, warehouse, dwelling, building, vehicle, boat, aircraft, or other structure or place, which is resorted to by persons using controlled substances in violation of this act for the purpose of using these substances, or which is used for keeping or selling them in violation of this act.
- (b) Any person who violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, may be confined in the county jail for not less than six months nor more than one year, or fined not more than \$25,000, or both.

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this act to the contrary, any first offense for distributing less than 45 30 grams of marihuana without any remuneration shall be disposed of under section 407.

#### §60A-4-407. Conditional discharge for first offense of possession.

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- (a) Whenever any person who has not previously been convicted of any offense under this chapter or under any statute of the United States or of any state relating to narcotic drugs. marihuana or stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic drugs, pleads guilty to or is found guilty of possession of a controlled substance under section 401(c), the court, without entering a judgment of guilt and with the consent of the accused, may defer further proceedings and place him or her on probation upon terms and conditions. Upon violation of a term or condition, the court may enter an adjudication of guilt and proceed as otherwise provided. Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions, the court shall discharge the person and dismiss the proceedings against him or her. Discharge and dismissal under this section shall be without adjudication of guilt and is not a conviction for purposes of this section or for purposes of disqualifications or disabilities imposed by law upon conviction of a crime, including the additional penalties imposed for second or subsequent convictions under section 408. The effect of the dismissal and discharge shall be to restore the person in contemplation of law to the status he or she occupied prior to arrest and trial. No person as to whom a dismissal and discharge have been effected shall be thereafter held to be guilty of perjury, false swearing, or otherwise giving a false statement by reason of his or her failure to disclose or acknowledge his or her arrest or trial in response to any inquiry made of him or her for any purpose. There may be only one discharge and dismissal under this section with respect to any person.
- (b) After a period of not less than six months which shall begin to run immediately upon the expiration of a term of probation imposed upon any person under this chapter, the person may apply to the court for an order to expunge from all official records all recordations of his or her arrest, trial, and conviction, pursuant to this section. If the court determines after a hearing

that the person during the period of his or her probation and during the period of time prior to his or her application to the court under this section has not been guilty of any serious or repeated violation of the conditions of his or her probation, it shall order the expungement.

(c) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, any person prosecuted pursuant to the provisions of this article whose case is disposed of pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be liable for any court costs assessable against a person convicted of a violation of section 401(c) of this article. Payment of such costs may be made a condition of probation.

The costs assessed pursuant to this section, whether as a term of probation or not, shall be distributed as other court costs in accordance with section two, article three, chapter fifty, section four, article two-a, chapter fourteen, section four, article twenty-nine, chapter thirty and sections two, seven and ten, article five, chapter sixty-two of this code.

# §60A-4-414. Personal use and possession of marihuana; Protections for medical use of marihuana.

- (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, it shall be lawful, and shall not be an offense under West Virginia law, for any person twenty-one years of age or older to:
  - (1) Possess, use, purchase or transport marihuana weighing two ounces or less;
- (2) Transfer to another person twenty-one years of age or older, without remuneration, marihuana weighing one ounce or less;
- (3) Possess, grow, harvest or process, upon property that constitutes such person's principal residence, no more than six marihuana plants, with three or fewer being mature, flowering plants: *Provided*, That each adult person residing within a single house or single rental unit may possess, grow, harvest or process, in the aggregate, more than six marihuana plants, with six or fewer being mature, flowering plants;
- (4) Possess, upon property that constitutes such person's principal residence, the marihuana produced by marihuana plants: *Provided*, That nothing in this subsection shall make it lawful to sell, offer for sale or make available for sale any marihuana plants.

(b) The terms "controlled substance" and "controlled substances," as used in this code, do not include:

- (1) Marihuana that is or was in the personal possession of a person twenty-one years of age or older at any specific time if the total amount of marihuana that is or was in the possession of that person at that time weighs or weighed two ounces or less;
- (2) Marihuana plants that are or were grown, possessed, harvested, or processed by a person twenty-one years of age or older upon property that constitutes or at the time constituted, such person's principal residence, if such person at that time was growing no more than six plants with three or fewer being mature flowering plants and if all persons residing within a single house or single rental unit upon such property at that time did not possess, grow, harvest or process, in the aggregate, more than six marihuana plants, with three or fewer being mature, flowering plants; or
- (3) The marihuana produced by the plants which were grown, possessed, harvested or processed by a person who is permitted to grow, possess, harvest and process such plants pursuant to this section, if such marihuana is or was in the personal possession of that person who is growing or grew such plants, upon the property on which the plants are or were grown.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code, no district government agency or office shall limit or refuse to provide any facility service, program or benefit to any person based upon or by reason of conduct that is made lawful by this subsection.
- (d) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to require any district government agency or office, or any employer, to permit or accommodate the use, consumption, possession, transfer, display, transportation, sale or growing of marihuana in the workplace or to affect the ability of any such agency, office or employer to establish and enforce policies restricting the use of marihuana by employees.
- (e) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to permit driving under the influence of marihuana or driving while impaired by use or ingestion of marihuana or to modify or affect the

construction or application of any provision of this code related to driving under the influence of marihuana or driving while impaired by marihuana.

(f) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prohibit any person, business, corporation, organization or other entity, or district government agency or office, who or which occupies, owns or controls any real property, from prohibiting or regulating the possession, consumption, use, display, transfer, distribution, sale, transportation or growing of marihuana in or on that property.

(g) Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter to the contrary, it shall be lawful for any person twenty-one years of age or older to use, or possess with intent to use, drug paraphernalia to possess or use marihuana if such possession or use is lawful under this section, or to use, or possess with intent to use, drug paraphernalia to grow, possess, harvest or process marihuana plants, the growth, possession, harvesting or processing of which is lawful under this section.

(h) Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter to the contrary, it shall be lawful for any person to deliver or sell, possess with intent to deliver or sell, or manufacture with intent to deliver or sell, drug paraphernalia under circumstances in which one knows or has reason to know that such drug paraphernalia will be used solely for use of marihuana that is lawful under this section, or that such drug paraphernalia will be used solely for growing, possession, harvesting, or processing of marihuana plants that is lawful under this section.

#### (i) Protections for the medical use of marihuana .--

(1) A qualifying patient may not be subject to arrest, prosecution or denial of any right or privilege, including, but not limited to, civil penalty or disciplinary action by a court or occupational or professional licensing board or bureau, for the medical use of marihuana pursuant to this article, if the qualifying patient does not possess more than:

#### (A) Six ounces of usable marihuana; and

(B) Twelve mature marihuana plants and six seedlings, if the qualifying patient has not specified that a designated care giver will be allowed under state law to cultivate marihuana for

the qualifying patient.

(2) For the purposes of West Virginia state law, the medical use of marihuana by a qualifying patient, as designated by their primary care giver, shall be considered lawful.

(3) "Medical use" includes the acquisition, administration, cultivation, delivery, possession, transfer, transportation or use of marihuana or paraphernalia relating to the administration of marihuana to treat or alleviate a qualifying patient's medical condition or symptoms associated with the patient's medical condition.

(4) A medical practitioner may not be subject to arrest, prosecution, or penalty in any manner or denied any right or privilege, including, but not limited to, civil penalty or disciplinary action by any occupational or professional licensing board or bureau, solely for providing written certifications or for otherwise stating that, in the practitioner's professional opinion, a patient is likely to receive therapeutic or palliative benefit from the medical use of marihuana to treat or alleviate the patient's serious or debilitating medical condition or symptoms associated with the serious or debilitating medical condition.

#### §60A-4-415. Criminal penalties for unlawful possession or sale of marihuana.

Notwithstanding any law or criminal penalty to the contrary, the penalties for possession of marihuana as otherwise may exist at the time of enactment of this section, are superseded by the provisions of this section.

- (a) An adult resident that fails to obtain a marihuana use tax stamp when the resident is otherwise eligible for the tax stamp and is in possession of two or less ounces of marihuana shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction, shall be subject to a fine of one thousand to two thousand dollars, and upon second or subsequent offense, may be confined in jail up to ninety days, or both fined and confined.
- (b) Any person that possesses more than two ounces but less than eight ounces of marihuana not otherwise authorized by law, upon conviction, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction, may be confined in jail up to ninety days, and fined up to five thousand

dollars, or both fined and confined. For a subsequent offense, the person shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction, shall be confined from thirty days to one year in jail, or be fined up to ten thousand dollars, or both fined and confined. Any person that possesses in excess of eight ounces of marihuana, shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, may be confined in prison not less than one year nor more than five years, or fined not more than five thousand dollars, or both fined and confined.

(c) All other violations of this provisions of this article relating to the manufacture, sale, and distribution of schedule I controlled substances are applicable to the manufacture, import, sales of marihuana not authorized by either section four hundred fourteen or four hundred fifteen of this article.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to decriminalize and permit personal use, growth and possession of certain amounts of marihuana by persons over the age of twenty-one under certain circumstances; to remove marihuana from the list of schedule I drugs; to create a tax stamp for eligible persons to purchase to allow for possession of up to two ounces or marihuana; to provide method for distribution of stamps; to decriminalize first offense distribution of under 30 grams of marihuana; to establish news criminal penalties for marihuana possession and sale; and to provide for a medical exemption to criminal laws against marihuana use or possession.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.